

P3.a) Fie $n \in \mathbb{N}^*$. Arătați că numerele $x_k = \operatorname{ctg}^2 \frac{k\pi}{2n+1}$, $k = \overline{1, n}$ sunt soluțiile ecuației:

$$C_{2n+1}^1 x^n - C_{2n+1}^3 x^{n-1} + C_{2n+1}^5 x^{n-2} - \dots + (-1)^k C_{2n+1}^{2k+1} x^{n-k} + \dots + (-1)^n = 0.$$

b) Calculați sumele

$$S_1(n) = \sum_{k=1}^n \operatorname{ctg}^2 \frac{k\pi}{2n+1}, \quad S_2(n) = \sum_{k=1}^n \operatorname{ctg}^4 \frac{k\pi}{2n+1}, \quad S_3(n) = \sum_{k=1}^n \operatorname{ctg}^6 \frac{k\pi}{2n+1}.$$

c) Arătați că

$$\operatorname{ctg}^2 x < \frac{1}{x^2} < \operatorname{ctg}^2 x + 1, \quad (\forall) x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right).$$

d) Calculați limitele

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2}, \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^4}, \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^6}.$$